

Enable Auditing in Open LDAP on Linux Server

EventTracker v7.x

EventTracker 8815 Centre Park Drive Columbia MD 21045 www.eventtracker.com

Abstract

This document describes how to enable auditing for Open LDAP (Lightweight Directory Access Protocol) installed in Linux and forward logs to EventTracker v7.x.

Target Audience

EventTracker users who wish to monitor Open LDAP changes in Linux server.

Scope

The configurations detailed in this guide are consistent with EventTracker Enterprise version 7.X and later, Open LDAP 2.4 or later and rsyslog 5.

The information contained in this document represents the current view of Prism Microsystems Inc. on the issues discussed as of the date of publication. Because Prism Microsystems must respond to changing market conditions, it should not be interpreted to be a commitment on the part of Prism Microsystems, and Prism Microsystems cannot guarantee the accuracy of any information presented after the date of publication.

This document is for informational purposes only. Prism Microsystems MAKES NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AS TO THE INFORMATION IN THIS DOCUMENT.

Complying with all applicable copyright laws is the responsibility of the user. Without limiting the rights under copyright, this paper may be freely distributed without permission from Prism, as long as its content is unaltered, nothing is added to the content and credit to Prism is provided.

Prism Microsystems may have patents, patent applications, trademarks, copyrights, or other intellectual property rights covering subject matter in this document. Except as expressly provided in any written license agreement from Prism Microsystems, the furnishing of this document does not give you any license to these patents, trademarks, copyrights, or other intellectual property.

The example companies, organizations, products, people and events depicted herein are fictitious. No association with any real company, organization, product, person or event is intended or should be inferred.

© 2013 Prism Microsystems Corporation. All rights reserved. The names of actual companies and products mentioned herein may be the trademarks of their respective owners.



Table of Contents

About LDAP	3
LDAP Logging	3
Enable LDAP Logging	3
Configure rsyslog to send logs to EventTracker or Remote Host	4
EventTracker Knowledge Pack (KP)	5
Import LDAP KP to EventTracker	6
To import Category	6
To import Alerts	7
Verify imported Categories and Alerts in EventTracker	8
Verify Categories	8
Verify Alerts	8
Sample Reports	10



About LDAP

LDAP stands for Lightweight Directory Access Protocol. As the name suggests, it is a lightweight client-server protocol for accessing directory services, specifically X.500-based directory services. LDAP runs over TCP/IP or other connection oriented transfer services.

A directory is similar to a database, but tends to contain more descriptive, attribute-based information. The information in a directory is generally read much more often than it is written. Directories are tuned to give quick-response to high-volume lookup or search operations. They may have the ability to replicate information widely in order to increase availability and reliability, while reducing response time. When directory information is replicated, temporary inconsistencies between the replicas may be OK, as long as they get in sync eventually.

LDAP Logging

The Logging overlay can be used to record all changes on a given backend database and send to EventTracker as syslog.

Enable LDAP Logging

- 1. Open and edit rsyslog.conf file in VI editor.
- 2. Add the following line to /etc/rsyslog.conf

local4.* /var/log/ldap.log

3. Create empty log file

touch /var/log/ldap.log

4. Set appropriate permission

chown Idap:Idap /var/log/Idap.log

5. To rotate log file weekly, add empty file Igap to directory /etc/logrotate.d

touch /etc/logrotate.d/ldap



6. Add appropriate rules for rotation

```
vi /etc/logrotate.d/ldap
# Logrotate file for LDAP
# Logrotate file for LDAP
/var/log/ldap {
missingok
compress
notifempty
weekly
rotate 5
postrotate
/sbin/service Idap reload
endscript
}
```

- 7. Press Esc key and enter: wq to save the file.
- 8. Restart rsyslog and LDAP daemons. /etc/init.d/rsyslog restart

/etc/init.d/ldap restart

Configure rsyslog to send logs to EventTracker or Remote Host

- 1. Open and edit **rsyslog.conf** in VI editor.
- 2. Add the following details at the end of rsyslog.conf file, in cd /etc/rsyslog.conf.
 - *.* @@IP Address of remote host:514
- 3. Press **Esc** key and enter :wq to save the file.
- 4. Restart the rsyslog service.

service rsyslog restart



EventTracker Knowledge Pack (KP)

Once LDAP auditing is enabled and Ldap logs are received in to EventTracker, Alerts and reports can be configured into EventTracker.

The following Knowledge Packs are available in EventTracker v7 to support LDAP monitoring:

Categories:-

- LDAP: Directory object added: This category based report provides information related to objects added to LDAP.
- **LDAP: Directory object deleted:** This category based report provides information related to deleted objects from LDAP.
- **LDAP: Directory object modified**: This category based report provides information related to modified objects in LDAP.

Alerts:-

• LDAP: Object deleted: This alert is generated when any object is deleted from LDAP.



Import LDAP KP to EventTracker

- 1. Launch EventTracker Control Panel.
- 2. Double click on the Export/Import Utility.
- 3. Click the **Import** tab.

Details to import Category/Alert as given below.

To import Category

- 1. Click **Category** option, and then click the **browse** button.
- 2. Locate All LDAP Server Categories.iscat file, and then click the Open button.
- 3. To import categories, click the **Import** button.

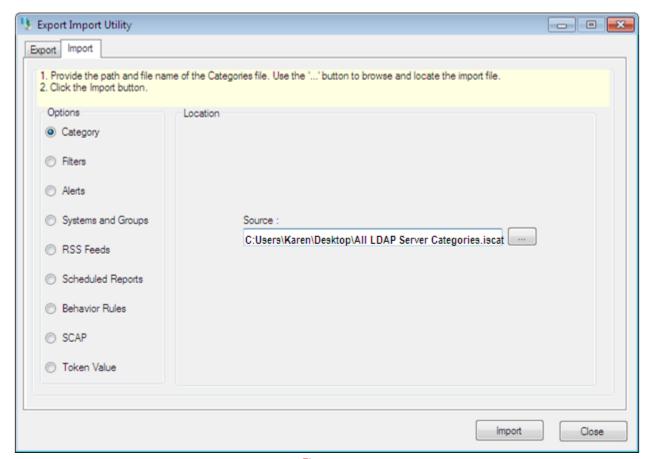


Figure 1



4. Click the **OK** button, and then click **Close** button.

To import Alerts

- 1. Click **Alert** option, and then click the **browse** button.
- 2. Locate **All Ldap Server alerts.isalt** file, and then click the **Open** button.
- 3. To import alerts, click the **Import** button.

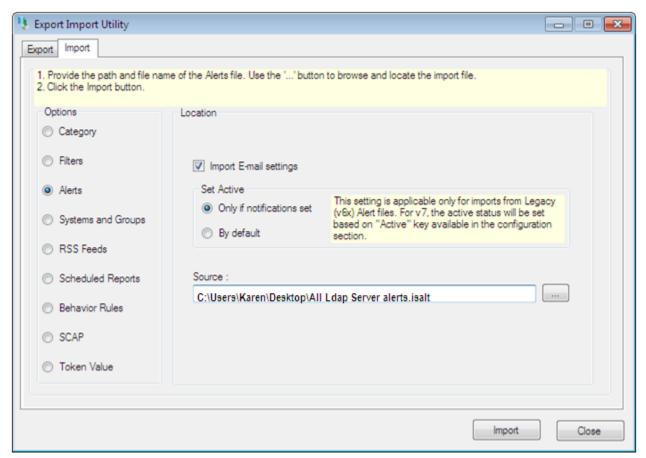


Figure 2

4. Click **OK**, and then click **Close** button.



Verify imported Categories and Alerts in EventTracker

Verify Categories

- 1. Logon to EventTracker Enterprise.
- 2. To verify the categories, select the **Admin** menu, and then select **Category**.
- 3. In Category Tree, expand LDAP Server Linux node.

The imported categories are displayed.

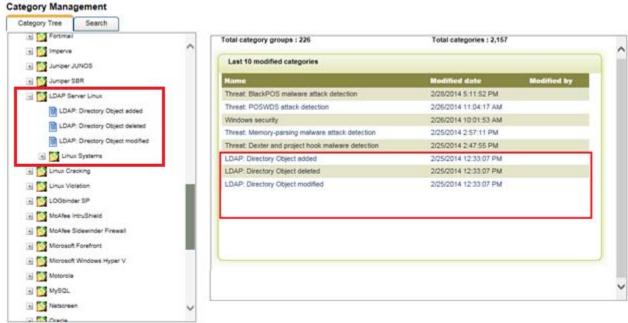


Figure 3

Verify Alerts

- 1. Logon to EventTracker Enterprise.
- 2. To verify alerts, click the **Admin** menu and then select **Alerts**.
- 3. In **Search**: box, enter the search criteria 'LDAP'.

All alerts related to LDAP display.





Figure 4



Sample Reports

The details of sample Summary Report is given below

LD - Detail

User Selection:

From Date:1/25/2014 4:42:06 PM To Date: 2/16/2014 5:42:06 PM Limit Time Range: None

Refine: None Filter: None Object added

Computers Selected: 12.16.1.9 - SYSLOG, 12.16.1.9

Description: None

Summary:

Computer	Total Event Occured	Event Id(Total Count)
12.16.1.9 -SYSLOG	43	160(43)
Event Source	Total Event Occured	Event Id(Total Count)
SYSLOG local4	43	160(43)
Event User	Total Event Occured	Event Id(Total Count)
N/A\N/A	43	160(43)

Information regarding Detail Reports is given below.



EventTracker: Enable Logging in LDAP Linux Server

LogTime	EventId	EventUser	Computer	EventSource	EventDeserintian
			Computer		EventDescription
02/04/2014 03:18:53 PM 16	160	N/A	12.16.1.9-SYSLOG	SYSLOG local4	Feb 04 15:18:53 12.16.1.9 Feb 4 03:47:43 ETVAS
					slapd[2695]: conn=1116 op=1 ADD
	****	40.40.4.0.00/01.00	01/01/00 114	dn="uid=thiddy,ou=People,dc=abc,dc=com"	
02/04/2014 03:34:03 PM	160	N/A	12.16.1.9-SYSLOG	SYSLOG local4	Feb 04 15:34:03 12.16.1.9 Feb 4 04:02:53 ETVAS
					slapd[2695]: conn=1139 op=1 ADD
	400	\$1/A	40.40.4.0.00/01.00	07/01/00 114	dn="cn=audi,ou=people,dc=abc,dc=com"
02/04/2014 03:40:58 PM	160	N/A	12.16.1.9-SYSLOG	SYSLOG local4	Feb 04 15:40:58 12.16.1.9 Feb 4 04:09:48 ETVAS
					slapd[2695]: conn=1147 op=1 MOD
0/04/0044 04:40:40 004	400	NIZA	10.10.1.0.0\(\text{O}\)	07/01/00 (14	dn="uid=audi,ou=people,dc=abc,dc=com"
02/04/2014 04:13:49 PM	160	N/A	12.16.1.9-SYSLOG	SYSLOG local4	Feb 04 16:13:49 12:16:1.9 Feb 4 04:42:39 ETVAS
					slapd[2695]: conn=1205 op=1 ADD
	400	****	40.40.4.0.00/01.00	0.401.00144	dn="cn=audi,ou=Groupa,dc=abc,dc=com" Feb 04 16:24:02 12.16.1.9 Feb 4 04:52:52 ETVAS
02/04/2014 04:24:02 PM 160 N/A	N/A	12.16.1.9-SYSLOG	SYSLOG local4		
				slapd[2695]: conn=1219 op=1 ADD	
2010412044 04-04-55 704	400	****	10.10.1.0.00/01.00	0)/01/00 11/	dn="cn=pp,ou=qq,dc=abc,dc=com"
02/04/2014 04:24:55 PM 160 N/	N/A	12.16.1.9-SYSLOG	SYSLOG local4	Feb 04 16:24:55 12.16.1.9 Feb 4 04:53:45 ETVAS	
					slapd[2695]: conn=1223 op=1 ADD
02/04/2014 04:25:07 PM 160 N/A	N/A	12.16.1.9-SYSLOG	SYSLOG local4	dn="cn=pp,ou=qq,dc=abc,dc=com"	
12/04/2014 04:25:07 PM	160	N/A	12.16.1.9-5 Y SLUG	SYSLUG local4	Feb 04 16:25:07 12.16.1.9 Feb 4 04:53:57 ETVAS
					slapd[2695]: conn=1224 op=1 ADD
12/04/2014 04:26:45 PM	160	N/A	12.16.1.9-SYSLOG	SYSLOG local4	dn="cn=pp,ou=qq,dc=abc,dc=com" Feb 04 16:26:45 12 16 1 9 Feb 4 04:55:35 ETVAS
12/04/2014 04:26:45 PM	160	N/A	12.16.1.9-5 Y SLUG	SYSLUG local4	
					slapd[2695]: conn=1228 op=1 ADD dn="cn=pp.ou=gg.dc=abc.dc=com"
12/04/2014 04:27:13 PM	160	N/A	12.16.1.9-SYSLOG	SYSLOG local4	Feb 04 16:27:13 12.16.1.9 Feb 4 04:56:02 ETVAS
12/04/2014 04.27.13 PM	100	IWA	12.16.1.9-51 SLUG	ST SLUG IDCAI4	
					slapd[2695]: conn=1229 op=1 ADD dn="cn=pp.ou=oq.dc=abc.dc=com"
02/04/2014 04:33:42 PM	160	N/A	12.16.1.9-SYSLOG	SYSLOG local4	Feb 04 16:33:42 12.16.1.9 Feb 4 05:02:32 ETVAS
12/04/2014 04.33:42 PM	100	IWA	12.10.1.5-5 Y SLUG	51 5LUG 100814	slapd[2695]: conn=1242 op=1 ADD
					dn="cn=pp.ou=qq.dc=abc.dc=com"
02/04/2014 05:49:09 PM	160	N/A	12.16.1.9-SYSLOG	SYSLOG local4	Feb 04 17:49:09 12:16:1.9 Feb 4 06:17:58 ETVAS
JZ/04/Z014 U3.49.U9 PM	100	WA.	12.10.1.9-5 T SLUG	ST SEUG IDEAIA	slapd[2695]; conn=1351 op=1 ADD dn="dc=abc,dc=c
					siapu[zoso]. conn=1351 op=1 ADD dn="dc=abc,dc=c

